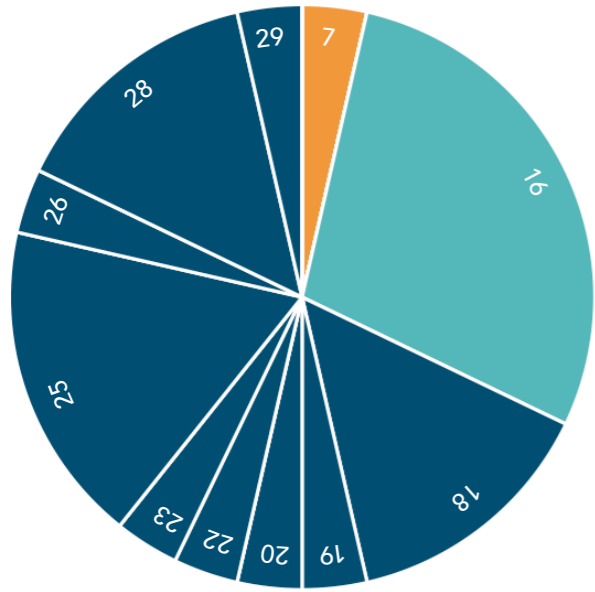


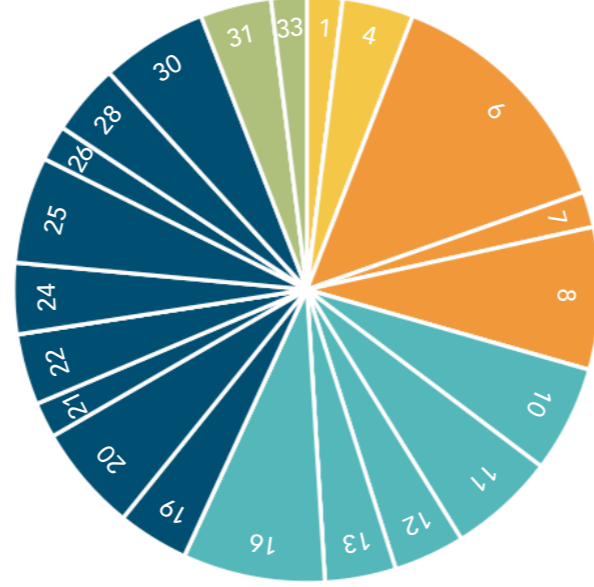
A regional perspective of the talking tour 2016/ He tirohanga a rohe o te haerenga kōrero 2016

Queenstown



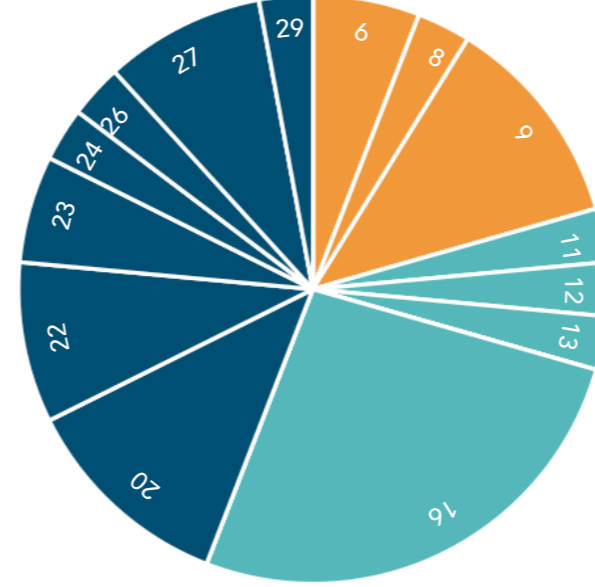
7.	[1]	16.	[8]	18.	[4]
19.	[1]	20.	[1]	22.	[1]
23.	[1]	25.	[5]	26.	[1]
28.	[4]	29.	[1]		

Rotorua



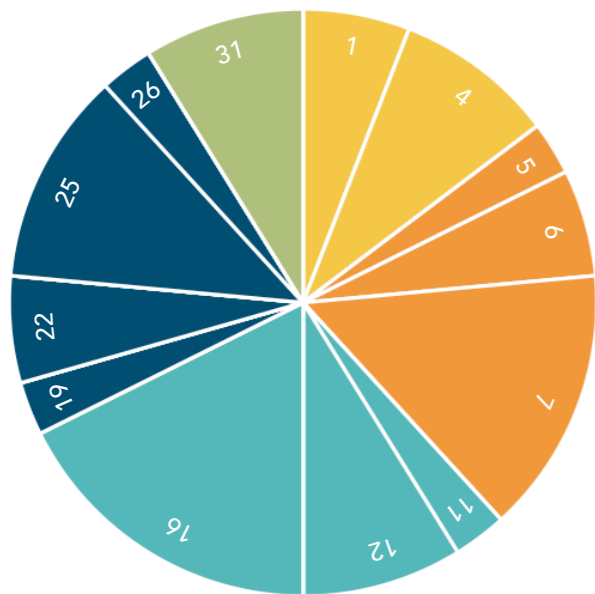
1.	[1]	4.	[2]	6.	[7]
7.	[1]	8.	[4]	10.	[3]
11.	[3]	12.	[2]	13.	[2]
16.	[4]	19.	[2]	20.	[3]
21.	[1]	22.	[2]	24.	[2]
25.	[3]	26.	[1]	28.	[2]
30.	[3]	31.	[2]	33.	[1]

Kaitiāia



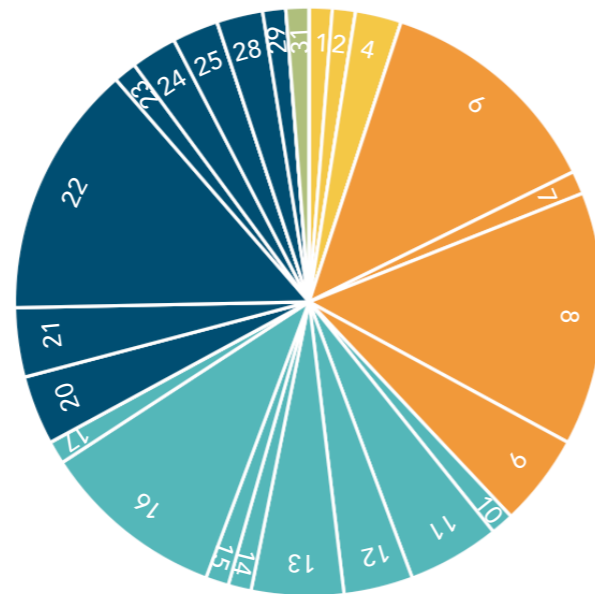
6.	[2]	8.	[1]	9.	[4]
11.	[1]	12.	[1]	13.	[1]
16.	[9]	20.	[2]	22.	[2]
23.	[4]	24.	[2]	26.	[3]
27.	[1]	29.	[2]		

Manawatu



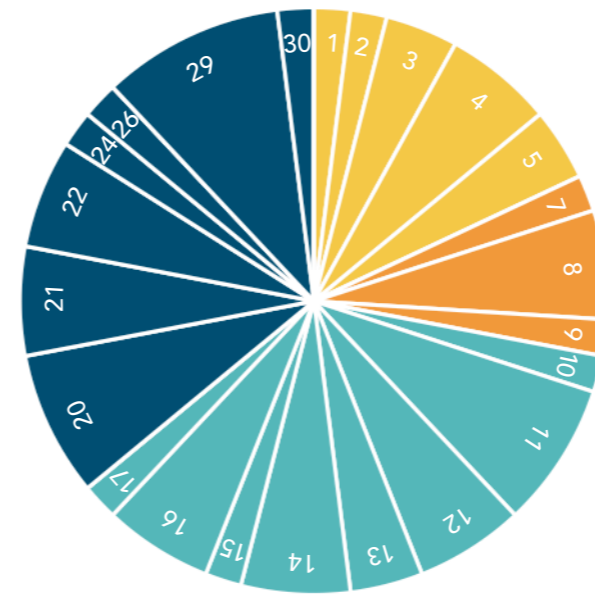
1.	[2]	4.	[3]	5.	[1]
6.	[2]	7.	[5]	11.	[1]
12.	[3]	16.	[6]	19.	[1]
22.	[2]	25.	[4]	26.	[1]
31.	[3]				

Gisborne



1.	[1]	2.	[1]	4.	[2]
6.	[10]	7.	[1]	8.	[11]
9.	[4]	10.	[1]	11.	[4]
12.	[3]	13.	[4]	14.	[1]
15.	[1]	16.	[8]	17.	[1]
20.	[3]	21.	[3]	22.	[11]
23.	[1]	24.	[2]	25.	[2]
28.	[2]	29.	[1]	31.	[1]

Kaikohe



1.	[1]	2.	[1]	3.	[2]
4.	[3]	5.	[2]	7.	[1]
8.	[3]	9.	[1]	10.	[1]
11.	[4]	12.	[3]	13.	[2]
14.	[3]	15.	[1]	16.	[3]
17.	[1]	20.	[4]	21.	[3]
22.	[3]	24.	[1]	26.	[1]
29.	[5]	30.	[1]		

Sustaining factors / Tohu Toitū

<b>Factor I: Survival / Oranga</b>		
Providing emergency products and services for survival.		
1.	Food	[5]*
2.	Clothing and shoes	[2]
3.	Bedding	[2]
4.	Shelter (emergency housing)	[10]
5.	Accessibility	[2]
<b>Factor II: Security / Tāmau</b>		
Providing a sense of short-term security.		
6.	Security of income	[20]
7.	Security of place (social housing)	[6]
8.	Security of health	[24]
9.	Security of transport and technology	[9]

Empowering factors / Tohu Whakamana

<b>Factor III: Self-determining individuals / Tangata Motuhake</b>		
Providing skills and tools for individuals to live the life they want.		
10.	Employment literacy	[5]
11.	Education literacy	[13]
12.	Health literacy	[12]
13.	Financial literacy	[9]
14.	Transportation literacy	[4]
15.	Technological literacy	[2]
16.	Civic literacy	[38]
17.	Housing literacy	[2]
<b>Factor IV: Self-determining communities / Hapori Motuhake</b>		
Providing social infrastructure to meet specific community needs.		
18.	Resource allocation	[4]
19.	Community decision making	[4]
20.	Curriculum, teachers and students	[15]
21.	Harmful products and services	[7]
22.	Social infrastructure	[22]
23.	Community projects	[4]
24.	Medical services	[6]
25.	Home ownership, rentals and shared housing (affordable housing)	[14]
26.	Culture of care	[5]
27.	Grandparents raising grandchildren	[3]
28.	Financial assistance and tax systems	[8]
29.	Local economy	[8]
30.	Explore innovative ways to package debt	[4]
<b>Factor V: Self-determining nation / Iwi Motuhake</b>		
Providing a strategic approach that optimises both public good and economic enterprise.		
31.	Central government strategy to tackle poverty	[5]
32.	Mental health services review	[1]
33.	Think Tank: takahanga tuatahi – The first footsteps	[1]

\*Please note the numbers in [X] in the tables below the pie charts refer to the number of 'hows' that relate directly to each of the 33 sub-factors.