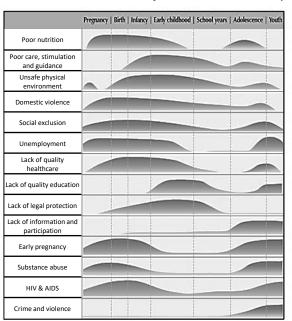
CHILD & YOUTH WELL-BEING STRATEGIC ACTION PLAN 2021 – 2025

NEW ZEALAND FOREIGN AFFAIRS & TRADI

GOAL: NEW ZEALAND'S DEVELOPMENT COOPERATION IMPROVES SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT OUTCOMES FOR CHILDREN AND YOUTH WHO ARE MISSING OUT

Child and Youth Well-being Strategic Approach

Child and youth well-being is a critical focus area for New Zealand's development cooperation – affirmed in New Zealand's International Cooperation for Effective Sustainable Development Cooperation (ICESD). This reflects New Zealand's domestic commitment to achieve greater equity through the national Child and Youth Well-being Strategy. The strategic action plan aims to deliver greater impact and equity across our programming by advancing human rights for children and youth and through taking a targeted approach across the life-cycle – from birth, through the early years (0 - 5 years), primary years (6 - 12 years), secondary years (13 - 18 years), and tertiary years (19 - 30 years). The broad scope of this approach promotes multisectoral holistic development for child and youth well-being, rather than delivering fragmented sectoral and piecemeal initiatives.



Distribution of risk along the life-cycle

A life-cycle approach can transform outcomes for children and youth by investing progressively throughout the lifecycle. Targeted strategic interventions mitigate risks when they arise, improve resilience, and maximise the potential of human development from birth, through the early years, adolescence and youth development.

This holistic approach has four priority areas (detail on page 2):

1. Systems for children and youth

Governance systems progressively improve child and youth well-being throughout the life-cycle through implemented and resourced policies, monitoring and reporting

2. Child and youth influence

Children and youth act and inform development processes, institutions, programs and decision-making, which contributes to democratic and stable governance

3. Healthy, safe, supported and learning

Children and adolescents have access to services that support their holistic development, protection and well-being throughout the life-cycle

4. Realising youth potential

Young people have the skills and opportunity to participate in their family, community, school, training institution, workplace and with peers

Global, Pacific & Domestic Guidance

- X UN Convention on the Rights of the Child (CRC)
- ✗ UN 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development*
- X Nurturing Care Framework (WHO, UNICEF, World Bank)
- ➤ Pacific Youth Development Framework, 2014 2023 (SPC)*
- ✗ UN SIDS Accelerated Modalities of Action (SAMOA) Pathway*
- X New Zealand's Human Rights Action Plan (2019 2023)
- ✗ New Zealand's Child and Youth Well-being Strategy (2019)*

*Informed by children and youth

Example Initiatives

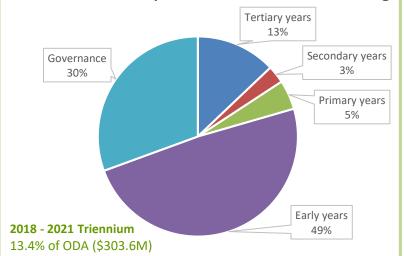
Systems for children and youth: Establishment of a youth diversion scheme within the Tonga Ministry of Justice, as part of the Tonga Justice Sector Support Programme

Child and youth influence: Increasing youth leadership and young people's access to services, training and jobs through support for youth centres and youth organisations in Solomon Islands, Vanuatu, and Kiribati Healthy, safe, supported and learning: Partnership with

Save the Children New Zealand to deliver holistic support for children in the Pacific and South-East Asia to reduce violence against children, reduce child poverty, and build resilience (safe schools)

Realising youth potential: Partnership with NGO, Youth Challenge Vanuatu, to provide services for youth, supporting access to employment or further study, and promoting youth leadership and community engagement

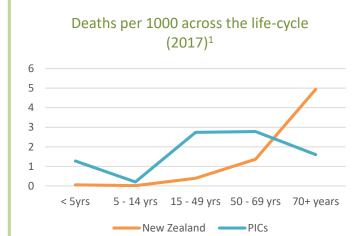
New Zealand's ODA Spend on Child and Youth well-being



The analysis above presents MFAT's investment across the lifecycle of child and youth well-being. It does not capture data from the Scholarships Program (240.5M) which has some allocation to school leavers, nor labour mobility initiatives which may benefit young people under 30 years.

Snapshot of Child and Youth Issues

Children and young people account for a demographic bulge and experience multiple forms of risk and vulnerability, creating significant development challenges. For detailed data, see *Appendix A: Pacific Island Country Profiles: Status of Child and Youth Indicators*



¹ While there are many indicators that substantiate well-being, understanding the incidence of deaths across the life-cycle provides a simplified picture of what we aim to do: reduce child mortality and increase life expectancy.

- Under 5 child mortality rates have halved globally (38%) and reduced in the Pacific (23%), but are still significantly high
- Malnutrition is a global concern. Childhood stunting affects 21.3% of under 5 year olds in the Pacific, equal to the global rate
- The adolescent birth rate in the Pacific (51%) is more than double that of Asia Pacific region (21%) and above world average (42%)
- Youth unemployment stands at 13.6% globally and 17.4% across the Pacific, with some countries as high as 64.4%
- All PICs have ratified the CRC reporting remains a challenge for small-sized administrations

COVID-19 Effects

- COVID-19 has the potential to have lifelong effects on children's lives. Interrupted and arrested learning will have serious inter-generational impact on poverty
- Youth express greatest concerns about mental health, employment and disposable income impacts of the pandemic
- Young people now face poorer prospects for better jobs and career opportunities, higher risk of job and income loss, and rapidly risk falling below poverty lines

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Child and Youth Well-being Priorities

GOAL: IMPROVING SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT OUTCOMES FOR CHILDREN AND YOUTH WHO ARE MISSING OUT

Long-term outcomes

Political empowerment

Children and young people are represented in decision-making at all levels and lead and participate in movements for change

Social empowerment

Children and young people are positively connected with others in society and have equal access to service delivery that advances their development with safety and dignity

Economic empowerment

Equitable opportunities enable young people and parents to earn income and participate in the workforce



Child and youth influence

- Governance and system-building for children and youth: - evidence-based child and
- youth policy development, coordination and implementation;

Systems for children and youth

- justice systems;
- data, research and analysis;
- **CRC** implementation and reporting (state and shadow)
- · System-strengthening and community-based social protection initiatives that respond to COVID-19 impacts on children, families and youth

- **Empower children and youth** to participate safely in responsive decision-making, development processes and programming at all levels. Priority policy areas are:
 - Climate change and adaptation
 - Oceans
 - **Human rights**
 - Gender
 - Education Peace and security
 - Disaster response

Healthy, safe, supported & learning

- Multi-sectoral interventions for early childhood development (ECD): health, nutrition, caregiving, protection, and ECE
- Keeping children in school, inclusive education and improving learning outcomes: vocational education, 2nd chance education, and skills for green jobs
- Prevention of non-communicable diseases through programmes for adolescent health: recreation & sport, nutrition, adolescent mental health, healthy living (including addressing alcohol and tobacco)
- Child protection including addressing gender-based violence, abuse and exploitation of adolescent girls

Realising youth potential

- Sexual and reproductive health and rights (SRHR) to promote positive and equal relationships with peers
- Supportive communities for youth e.g. youth centres, life-skills training, skills training, for youth who are out of school or unemployed
- Tertiary education avenues for school-leavers
- · Employment or entrepreneurship for youth who are out of school or unemployed

Operating Principles

New Zealand's support for child and youth well-being will:

- Use a Child Rights Based Approach
- Expand from sectoral towards coordinated multi-sectoral investments enabling Holistic Development
- Focus on where acceleration is needed towards SDGs and where indicators are worse than global averages
- Include the most excluded children and youth, in all their diversities
- Work collaboratively with partners and stakeholders
- Keep children and youth safe across all development activity and foreign policy engagement that impacts on their lives

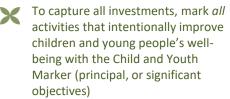
To deliver this action plan, MFAT will:

all programmes Develop mainstreaming tools to integrate a

Take an internally coordinated approach across

- rights-based approach for children and youth across programmes
- Analyse annual investment across the life-cycle and monitor progress towards outcomes
- Disaggregate Scholarships Programme and labour mobility data to understand the proportion of spend and outcomes for schoolleavers and youth
- Introduce the Child & Youth Marker to track and analyse relevant activities*
- Provide technical advice and develop guidance for applying the thematic markers for 1). Child & Youth and 2). Reproductive, Maternal, Neonatal, and Child Health (RMNCH)
- Develop organisational standards for safeguarding and child protection compliance
- Advocate internationally for child and youth well-being priorities

* Mark all activities that contribute to child and youth well-being:



Mark all activities that support reproductive, maternal, neo-natal, and child health up to five years with the RMNCH Marker in addition to the Child and Youth Marker

How MFAT will deliver Child and Youth Well-being Priorities

• We will support regional institutions to deliver technical assistance to PICs, and for regional coordination on priorities for children and yo child and youth influence; youth policies; sexual and reproductive health and rights; and child and youth mainstreaming	
	outh: youth employment;
 We will continue support to multilateral institutions to deliver multi-sectoral programming in early childhood development (ECD), child published building including CRC implementation and reporting We will advocate internationally for child and youth well-being priorities 	protection, and system-
 Our programmes in education and child health are maintained as principal thematic investment and can be expanded in the priority area We will mainstream child and youth well-being across other sector thematic programmes to enhance holistic development outcomes egun frastructure & Energy, Oceans & Fisheries 	
 Where country priorities include governance and system-building, including social protection, for children and youth, and where governance needs or policy reform targets, we will work to respond through our development programme of support. HEF funds can be used to reach those most at risk of being left behind, and enable voices of children and youth to influence decision-mal Ensure safeguarding where policy settings have both domestic and international implications affecting the lives of children and youth, wi and associated child welfare issues 	ıking
 We will focus on mainstreaming to integrate child and youth well-being across development programming where appropriate We will support where national efforts seek to focus on tertiary education avenues for school-leavers 	

Key Partners: Young people and organisations representing children and youth, governments, UNICEF, Pacific Community (SPC), International Planned Parenthood Federation (IPPF),

New Zealand & local NGOs, Oranga Tamariki, Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment, Ministry for Pacific Peoples, Ministry of Justice, private sector, Commonwealth Secretariat

• The Partnering for Impact mahi is a clear opportunity for targeted programming in the priority areas. We will support our partners to deliver impactful